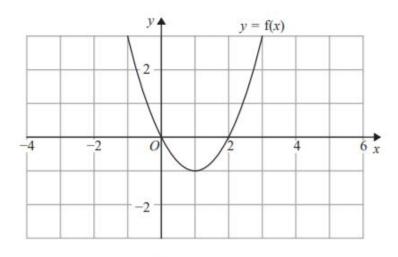
<u>Translation of Graphs Past Paper Questions GCSE Edexcel – Non-Calculator</u>

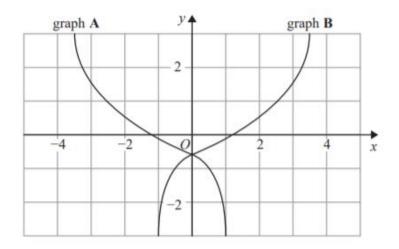
1.

The graph of y = f(x) is shown on the grid below.



(a) On the grid above, sketch the graph of y = f(x - 2)

(1)



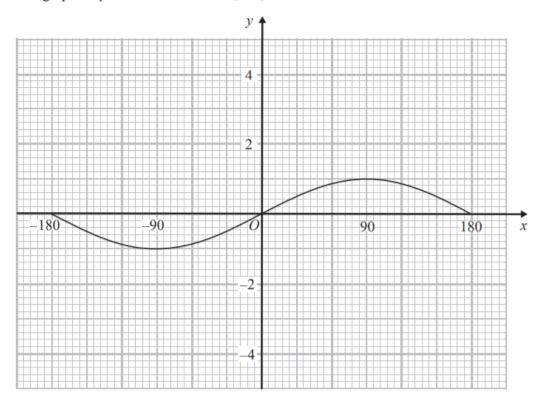
On the grid, graph A has been reflected to give graph B.

The equation of graph **A** is y = g(x)

(b) Write down the equation of graph B.

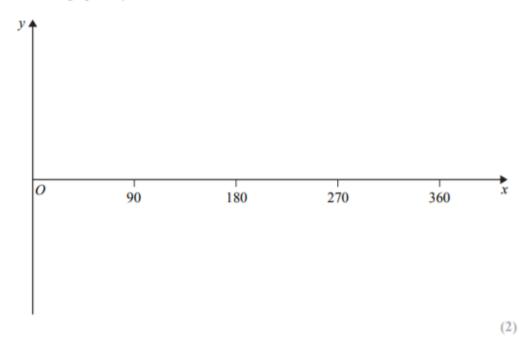
(1)	

Here is the graph of $y = \sin x^{\circ}$ for $-180 \leqslant x \leqslant 180$

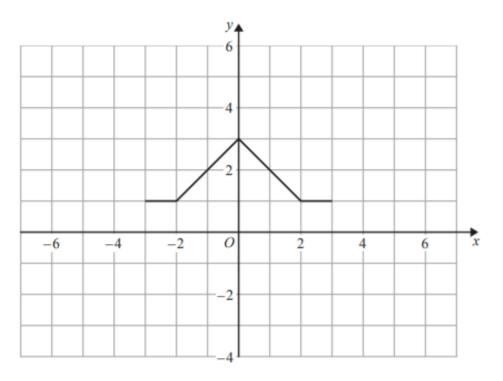


On the grid, sketch the graph of $y = \sin x^{\circ} - 2$ for $-180 \le x \le 180$

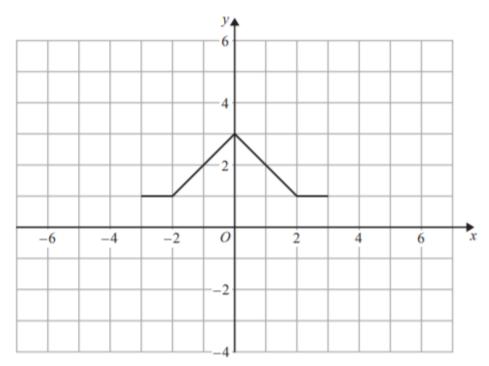
(a) Sketch the graph of $y = \cos x^{\circ}$ for $0 \le x \le 360$



- (b) The graph of y = f(x) is shown on both grids below.
 - (i) On this grid, draw the graph of y = 2f(x)

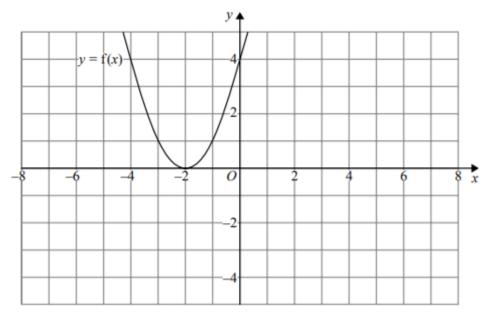


(ii) On the grid below, draw the graph of y = f(x - 3)



(2)

The graph of y = f(x) is shown on both grids below.



(a) On the grid above, sketch the graph of y = f(-x)

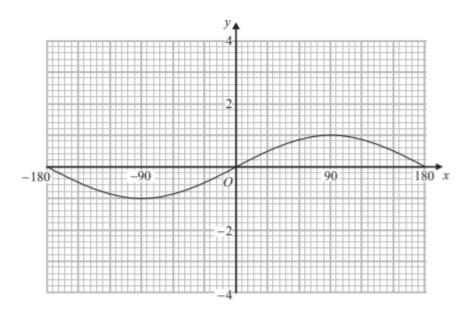
y = f(x) y =

(b) On this grid, sketch the graph of y = -f(x) + 3

(1)

(1)

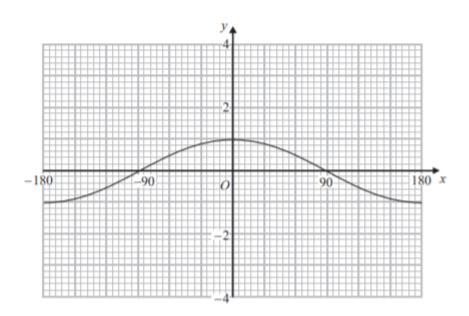
Here is the graph of $y = \sin x^{\circ}$ for $-180 \le x \le 180$



(a) On the grid above, sketch the graph of $y = \sin x^{\circ} + 2$ for $-180 \le x \le 180$

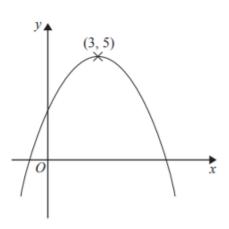
(2)

Here is the graph of $y = \cos x^{\circ}$ for $-180 \le x \le 180$



(b) On the grid above, sketch the graph of $y = -2 \cos x^{\circ}$ for $-180 \le x \le 180$

(2)



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation y = f(x). The coordinates of the maximum point of the curve are (3, 5).

(a) Write down the coordinates of the maximum point of the curve with equation

(i)
$$y = f(x + 3)$$

(.....)

(ii) y = 2f(x)

.....,

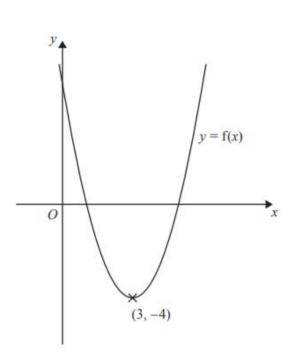
(iii) y = f(3x)

(3)

The curve with equation y = f(x) is transformed to give the curve with equation y = f(x) - 4

(b) Describe the transformation.

(1)



The diagram shows part of the curve with equation y = f(x). The coordinates of the minimum point of this curve are (3, -4)

Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with equation

(i)
$$y = f(x) + 3$$

(ii) y = f(2x)

(iii) y = f(-x)

(.....

(______)