Static Electricity Past Paper Answers IGCSE Edexcel

1.

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-----------------|--|-------|-------|
| 1 | friction; negatively; repel; electrons; | | 4 |

| uestion number | Answer | Not | es | Marks |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------------|-------|
| (a) | one mark for each correct tick;; if three ticks, 1 mark maximum if four ticks, zero marks | | | 2 |
| | Statement | | Tick | |
| | negatively charged particles move from the cloth | onto the balloon | ✓ | |
| | positively charged particles are rubbed off the ba | lloon | | |
| | negatively charged particles on the balloon are p | rotons | | |
| | the cloth becomes positively charged | | ✓ | |
| (b) (i) | any 1 of: (possibility of a) spark; (possibility of an) explosion / fire / eq; earthing / grounding the {tank / pipe}; | ignore reference allow 'ignite the allow hose for p | e petrol' | 1 |
| | | allow can for ta allow descriptio e.g. 'connecting ground (with a | on of earthing tank/pipe to | |
| (c) | (granules) repel; (because) charge on the granules is all the same / eq; | ignore reference attraction to co | | 2 |

| Quest | | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|-------|------|--|---|-------|
| (a) | | gravitational (potential energy); | allow GPE ignore gravity ignore thermal/heat potential energy | 1 |
| (b) | (i) | friction; electrons; positive; | must be in this order | 3 |
| | (ii) | all the hairs have the same (negative) charge; (same charges) repel; | condone positive charge allow 'like' for 'same' | 2 |
| (c) | | any 3 of: MP1. metal /post conducts/eq; MP2. charge is earthed/charge flows to ground; | allow electrons for charge allow metal provides low resistance path | 3 |
| | | MP3. discharging hair/ eq; | allow (all) charge leaves hair /girl | |
| | | MP4. hair falls down due to its weight; | hair/ girl becomes neutral condone `pulled down by (effect of) gravity' | |

| uestion umber | | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|------------------|---------------|---|--|-------|
| (a) | any 3 | of: | movement of positive {charge / electrons} can only score MP1 and MP5 | 3 |
| | MP1. | <pre>idea of {rubbing / tearing} of {materials / surfaces};</pre> | ignore 'friction' | |
| | MP2. | idea of movement / transfer of electrons; | | |
| | MP3. | electrons have negative charge; | | |
| | MP4. | (object becomes) negatively charged by gaining electrons OR positively charged by losing electrons; | | |
| | MP5. | need for insulating material(s); | | |
| (b) | any 2 MP1. | of: idea of opposite charges OR positive and negative charges; | reject if mentions positive electrons ignore 'different' condone 'unlike' | 2 |
| | MP2. | idea of attraction; | condenie dilline | |
| | MP3. | idea of an (attractive) force larger than the weight of the loose end of tape; | | |

| Question number | Answer | Notes | Marks |
|--------------------|--|--|-------|
| (a) | MP1 Due to friction; | Allow idea of materials rubbing | 2 |
| | MP2 Idea of <u>electron</u> transfer; | Ignore "charge" "static" Reject (for MP2 mark) idea of protons moving | |
| (b) (i) | Idea of spark / ignition / fire / explosion | Ignore reference to shock and petrol fumes | 1 |
| (ii) | Idea of current (in the wire); OR Idea of charge moving (in the wire); | ignore references to positive charges | 2 |
| | Idea that this discharges tanker; OR No voltage/ p.d. remains; | Allow: No charge is left No overall charge Charge is removed Tanker becomes neutral | |
| | | Ignore: "Electricity" further discussion of danger | |

| number | Allower | Hotes |
|--------|--|--|
| (a) | Any ONE simple effect, e.g. attract scraps of paper / deflect water stream / deflect (gold leaf) electroscope/use a coulombmeter | Ignore theoretical approaches e.g. use a charged "object" Allow any practical suggestion e.g. attracts hair/balloon |
| (b) | (charges) are transferred / lost; | Allow move or jump |
| | electrons; | Allow • "negative electrons" • e- reject for 1 mark "positive electrons" |
| (c) | | Points may be shown on a labelled diagram Methods that would not distinguish charge picking up paper scraps, bending a water stream) can score ONLY MP1 |
| | MP1. Charge rods (of different plastics); | Allow rubbing with the cloth as charging by friction Accept alternative method e.g. induction |
| | MP2. Method to allow to swing freely (suspend / watch glasses); MP3. Observation of attraction and repulsion; | recopt alconduive method eigh madelon |
| | | Allow method describing deflections of a charged gold leaf electroscope (GLE) for up 3 marks |
| | | MP1 (GLE) Charge rods; MP2 (GLE) Use of (charged) GLE; MP3 (GLE) Looking for rise <u>and</u> fall of leave |
| | | /Tatal fac Occapion |

(Total for Question

| number | 71101101 | | Harks |
|--------|--|---|-------|
| (a) | electrons move; from balloon to cloth; | Allow negative charges for electrons Ignore all references to • positive electrons • explanations in terms of movement of positive charge | 2 |
| (b) | Idea that movement is due to attraction; between negative charges in the hair and (positive) balloon (however expressed); | Allow unlike charges attract | 2 |
| (c) | The balloon is an insulator; | Allow poor conductor | 1 |
| (d) | A sensible suggestion including movement of electrons; e.g. electrons move from air/water/hair onto balloon charges move from the hair into the air water is a conductor so electrons move (into air/from balloon) | Allow • 'charge(s)' for electrons • the charge on the balloon is neutralised Ignore all references to 'positive charge' | 1 |

| estion umber | Answer | Notes |
|-----------------|--|--|
| (a) | C Silver | |
| (b) | Must be in the correct context | Do not award marks for repeat of stem |
| | Any two from: | Accept: lifting sheet for A, metal plate for B |
| | negative charge moves or electrons move; | charge is not enough for first |
| | (charge moves through wire) from plate B / to lifting sheet A; | 5000 |
| | therefore produces unbalanced /net charge on A/B; | A has gained electrons /B has lost electrons for 2 marks |
| | | Ignore references to 'poles' 'current' Reject ideas about positive charge moving |

| number | | | |
|--------|--|---|---|
| (c) | Must be in the correct context Any two from | Ignore unqualified 'opposite charges attract' | |
| | (top of) dust becomes positive; negative charge on lifting sheet A attracts dust; | allow an answer in terms of charge separation e.g. induced charge on dust ('top' positive 'bottom' negative) | 2 |
| (d) | force of attraction > weight of dust; Answers must be in the context of the | do not credit repeat of | |
| | stream of water and charged rodthe water (molecules) have a charge; | stem | 2 |
| | opposite charges attract / like charges repel; | allow (negatively) charged rod attracts (positively) charged water | |
| | | Total | 7 |

| numb | er | Allowei | Notes |
|------|------|---|---|
| (a) | | electrons; negative; | |
| (b) | (i) | (droplets) repel each other / repulsive force / like charges repel; (droplets) spread out / finer spray; | Ignore: attraction of paint to object Ignore: references to paint sticking |
| | (ii) | Any two from (object) attracts droplets /paint OR opposite charges attract; paint reaches back of object / obscured places (at same time); less paint wasted; | Ignore: references to paint sticking |
| (c) | | risk of spark / shock /damage; | Accept: lightning, fire, explosion, Reject: risks from current electricity |
| | | related risk reduction; e.g. earth connection, appropriate use of insulation | risk reduction method needs to apply to sta risk Accept: earthed, earthing, grounding, rubbigloves Reject: "rubber earth strip (under cars)" |