

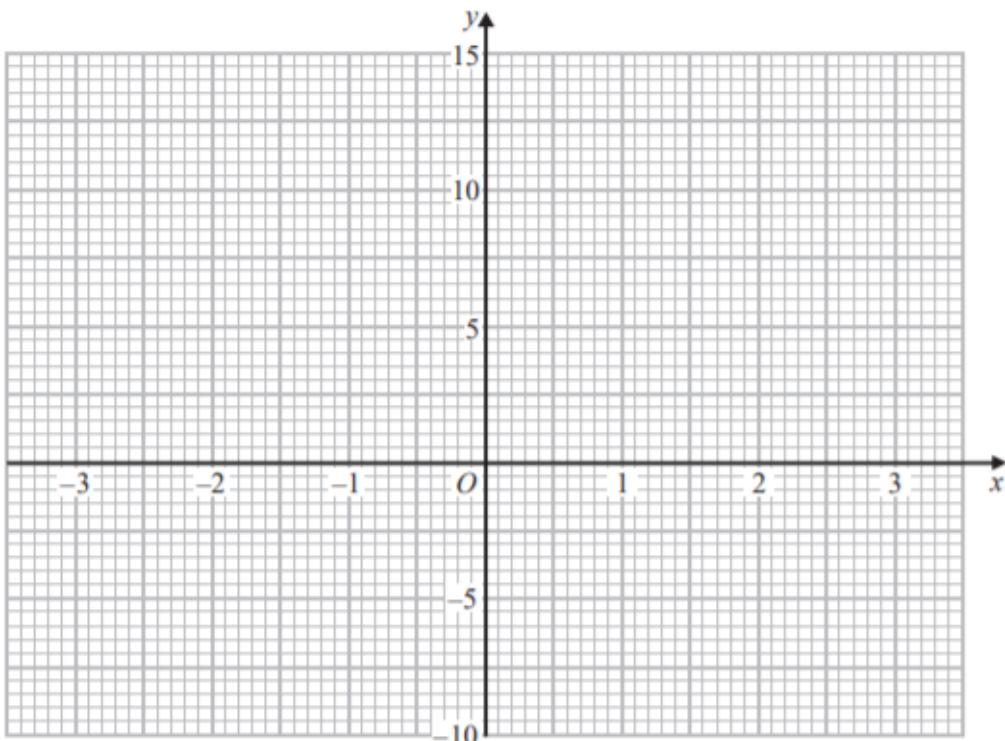
**Solving Equations Graphically Past Paper Questions GCSE Edexcel****1.**

- (a) Complete this table of values for  $y = x^2 + x - 4$

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$		-2	-4		-2		

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 + x - 4$  for values of  $x$  from -3 to 3



(2)

- (c) Use the graph to estimate a solution to  $x^2 + x - 4 = 0$

2.

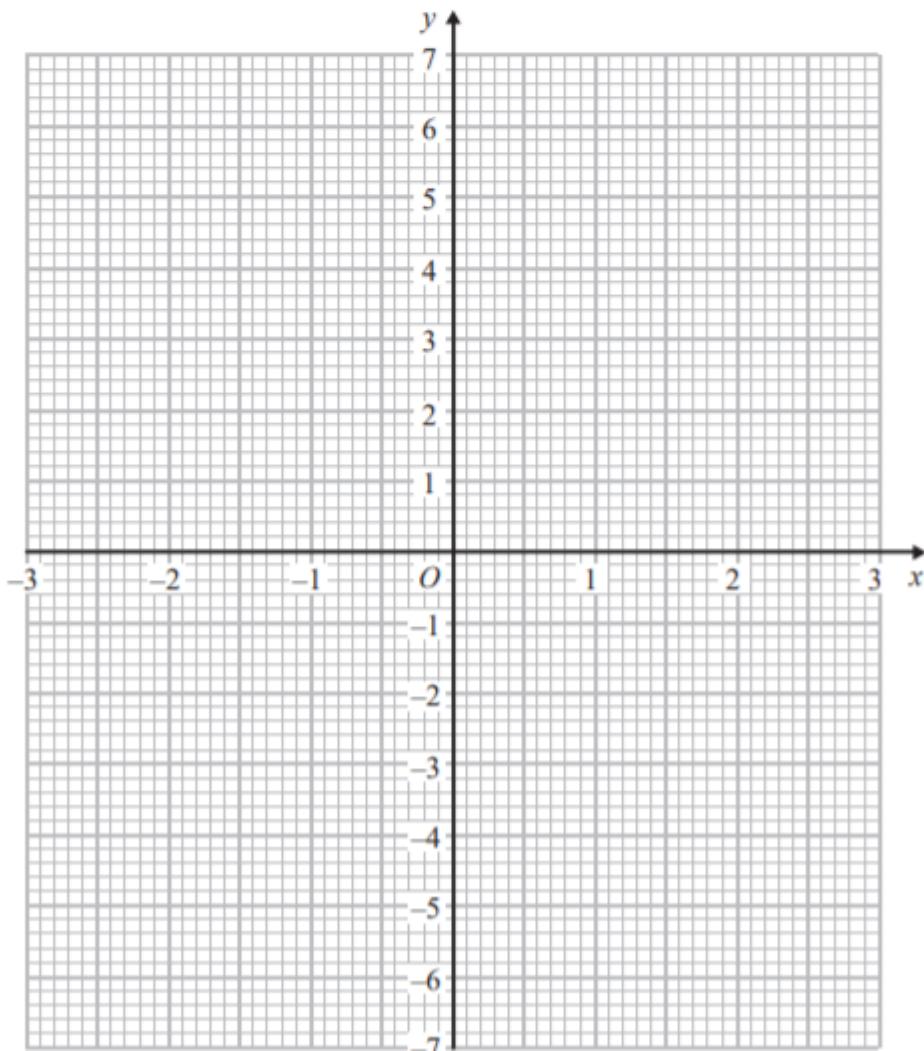
- (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 - x - 6$

$x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$	6			-6			

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - x - 6$  for values of  $x$  from -3 to 3

(2)



- (c) Use your graph to find estimates of the solutions to the equation  $x^2 - x - 6 = -2$

.....  
(2)

3.

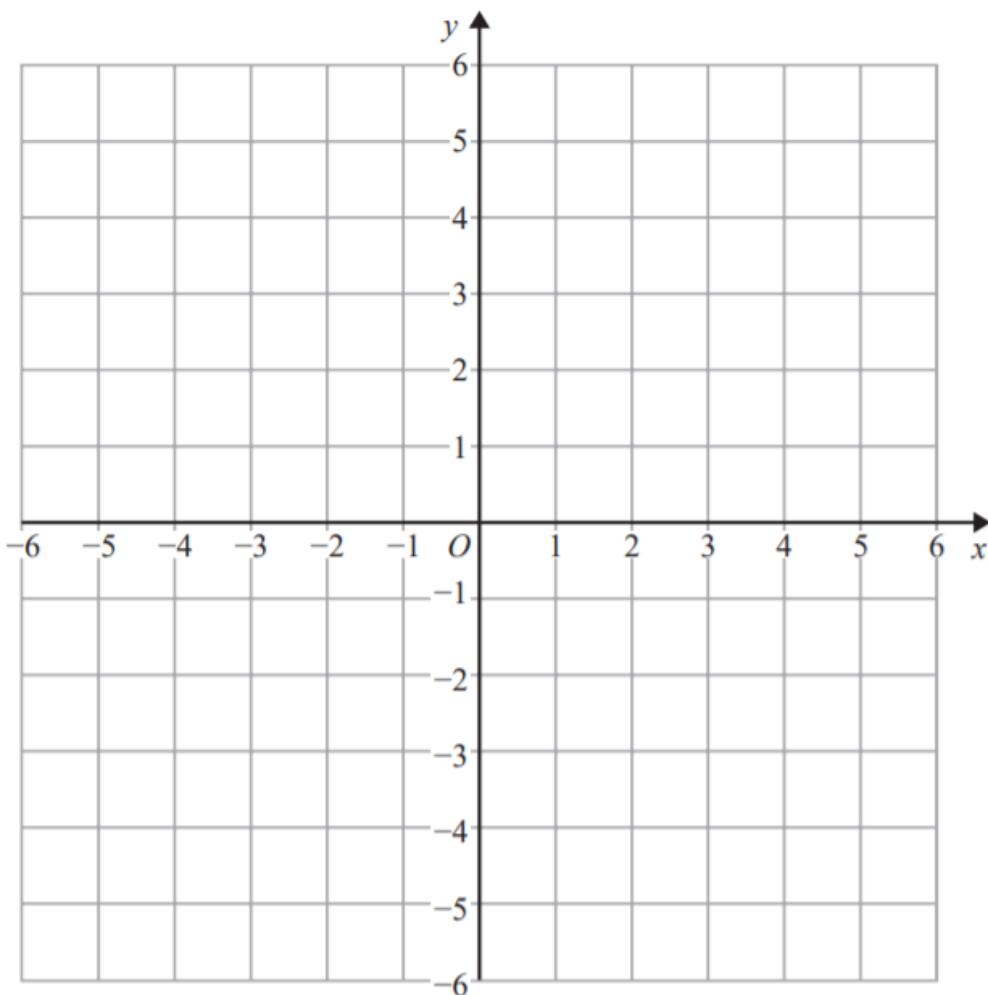
On the grid, shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities.

$$y > 1$$

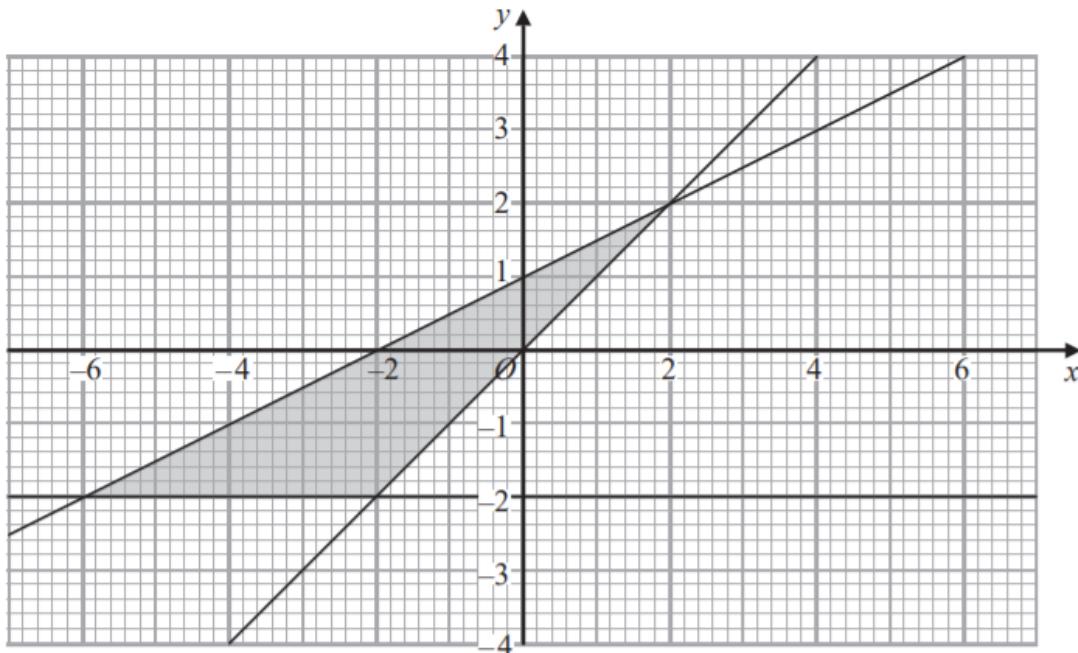
$$x + y < 5$$

$$y > 2x$$

Label the region **R**.



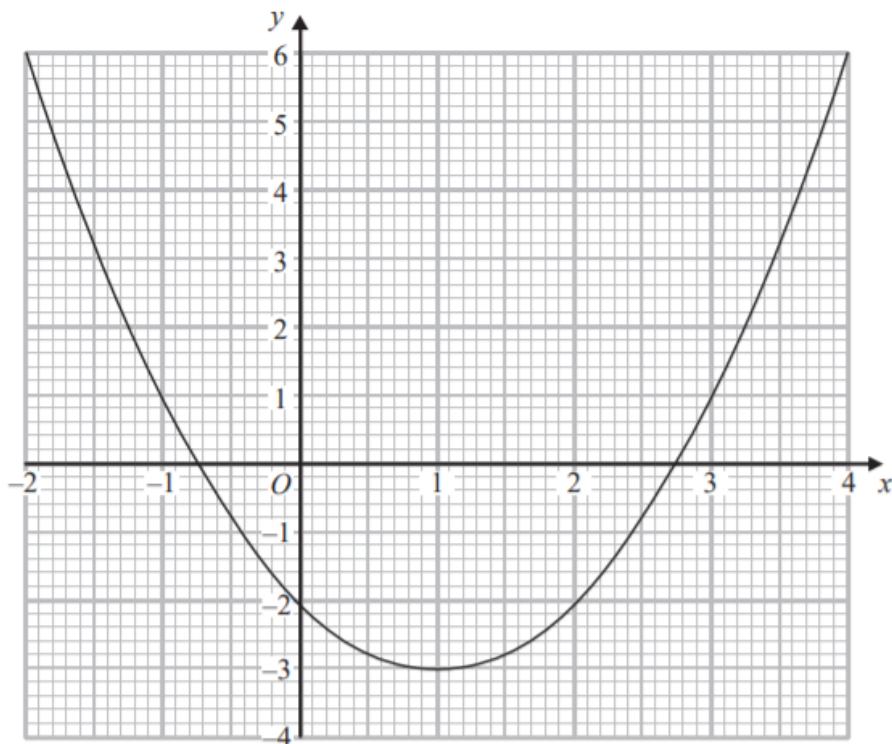
4.



Write down the three inequalities that define the shaded region.

**5.**

The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is drawn on the grid.



(a) Write down the coordinates of the turning point of the graph.

(....., .....)  
(1)

(b) Write down estimates for the roots of  $f(x) = 0$

.....  
(1)

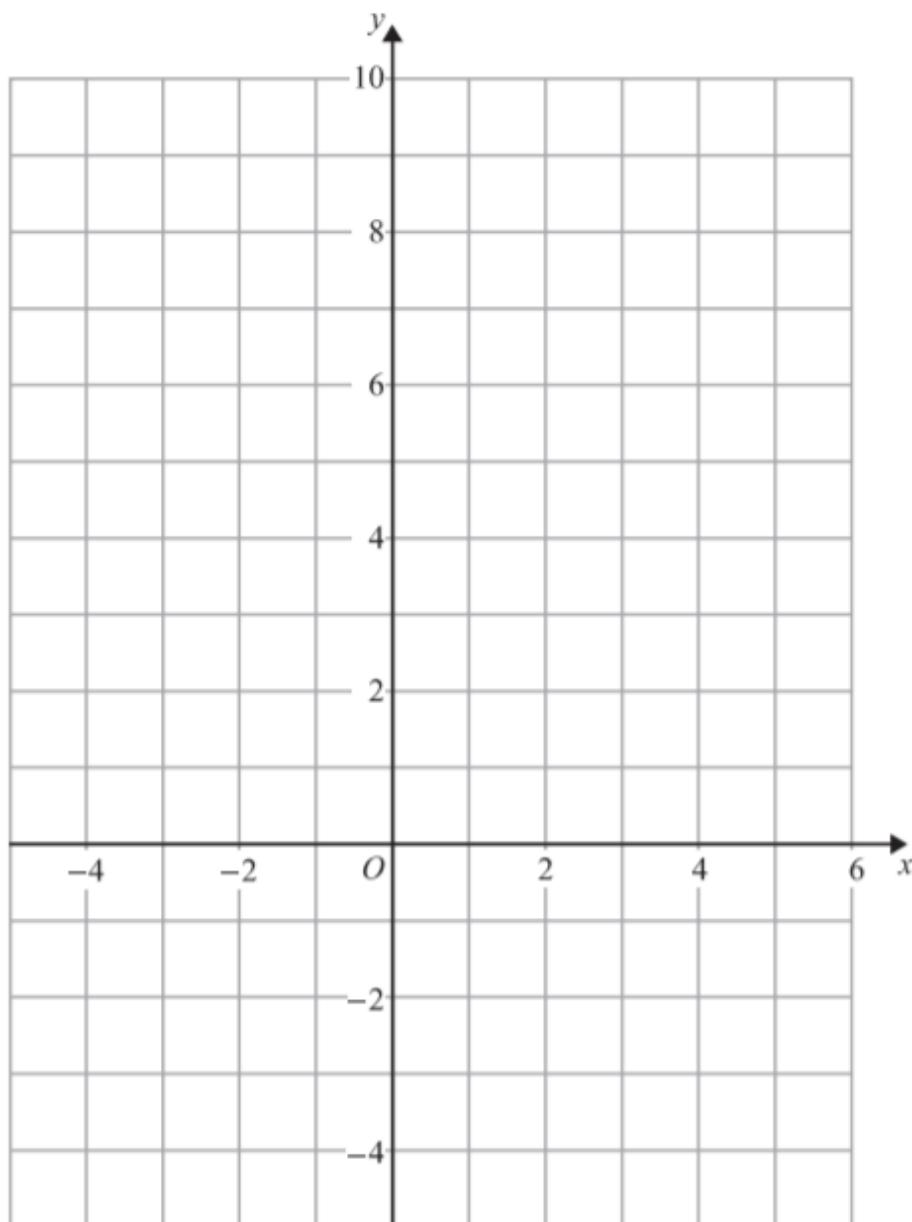
(c) Use the graph to find an estimate for  $f(1.5)$

6.

On the grid, shade the region that satisfies all these inequalities.

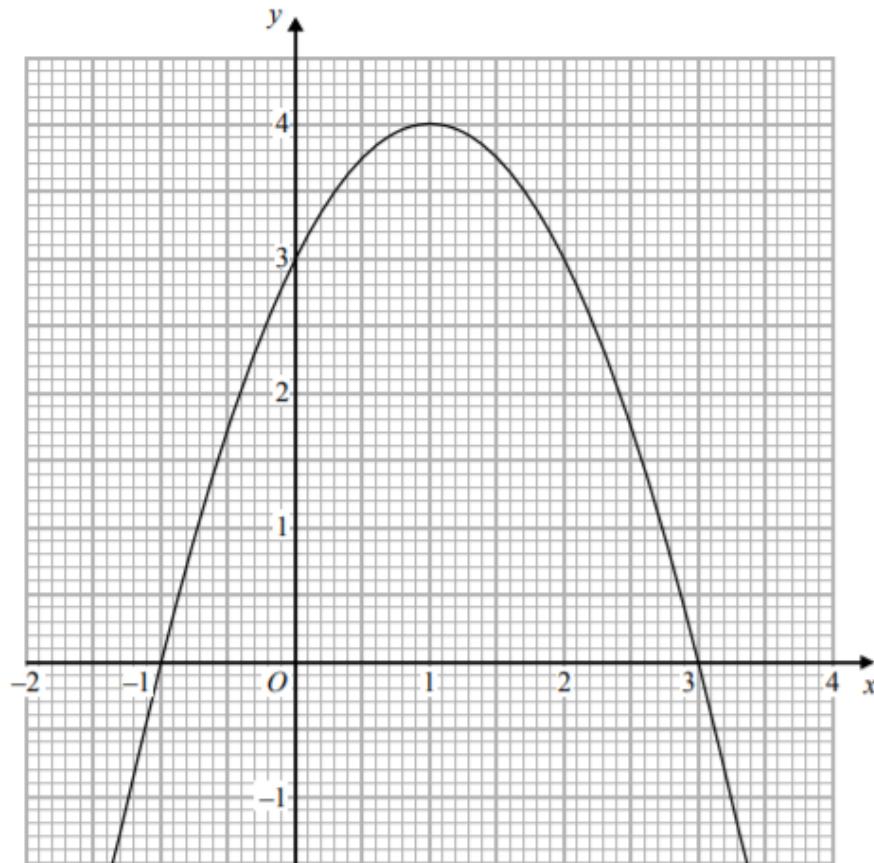
$$x + y < 4 \quad y > x - 1 \quad y < 3x$$

Label the region **R**.



7.

The graph of  $y = f(x)$  is drawn on the grid.



(a) Write down the coordinates of the turning point of the graph.

(....., .....) (1)

(b) Write down the roots of  $f(x) = 2$

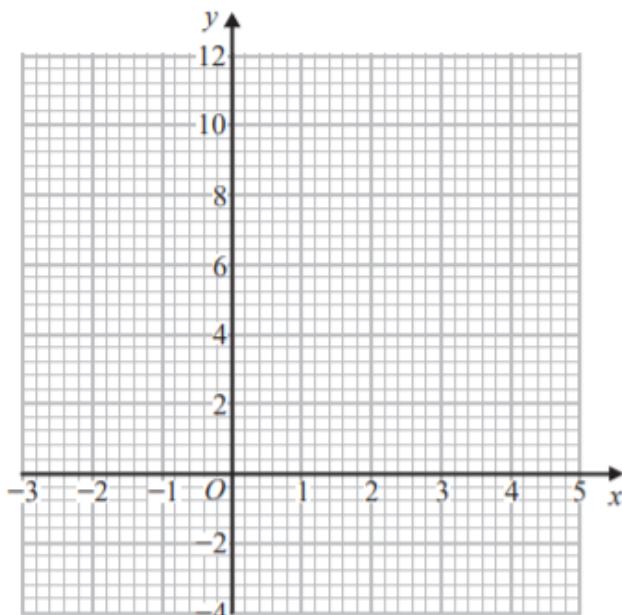
..... (1)

(c) Write down the value of  $f(0.5)$

**8.**(a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 - 3x + 1$ 

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4
$y$	11		1	-1		1	

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - 3x + 1$  for values of  $x$  from -2 to 4

(2)

(c) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, find estimates for the solutions of

$$x^2 - 3x + 1 = 3$$

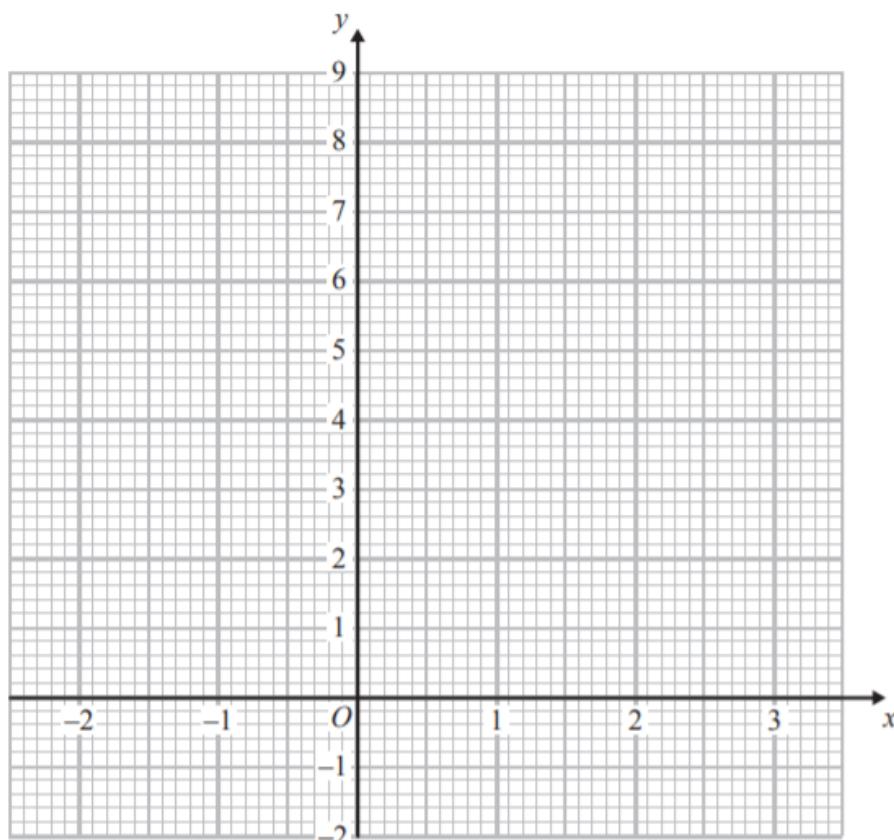
**9.**

- (a) Complete the table of values for
- $y = 2^x$

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
$y$	0.25			2		

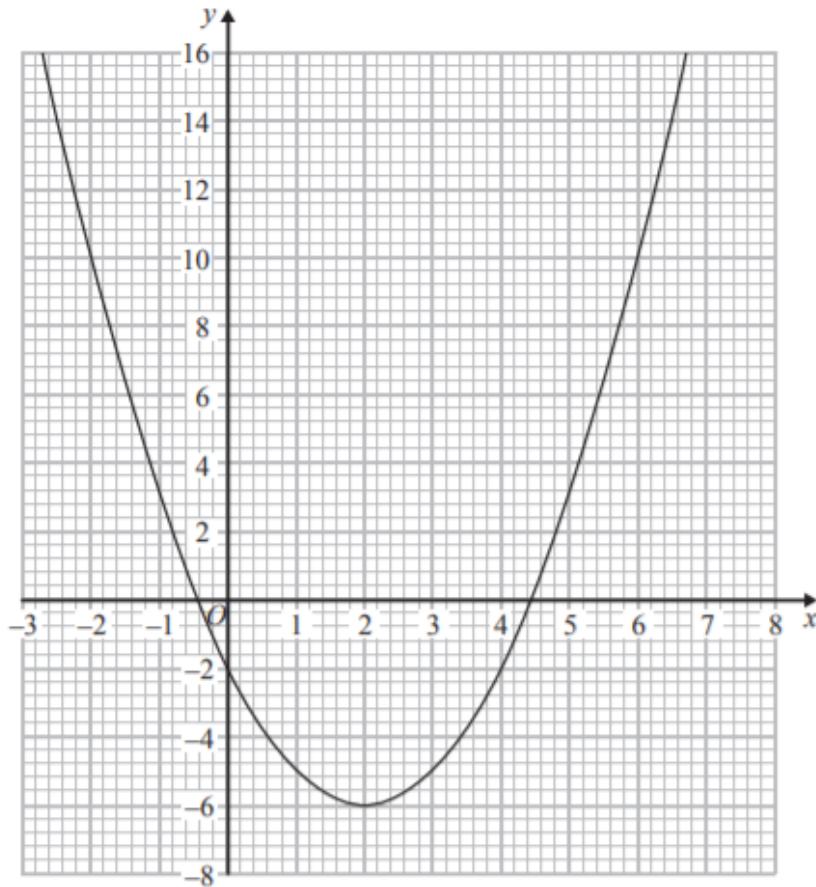
(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of
- $y = 2^x$
- for values of
- $x$
- from -2 to 3



**10.**

The diagram shows the graph of  $y = x^2 - 4x - 2$



(a) Use the graph to find estimates for the solutions of

(i)  $x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0$

(ii)  $x^2 - 4x - 6 = 0$

(3)

(b) Use the graph to find estimates for the values of  $x$  that satisfy the simultaneous equations

$$y = x^2 - 4x - 2$$

$$x + y = 6$$

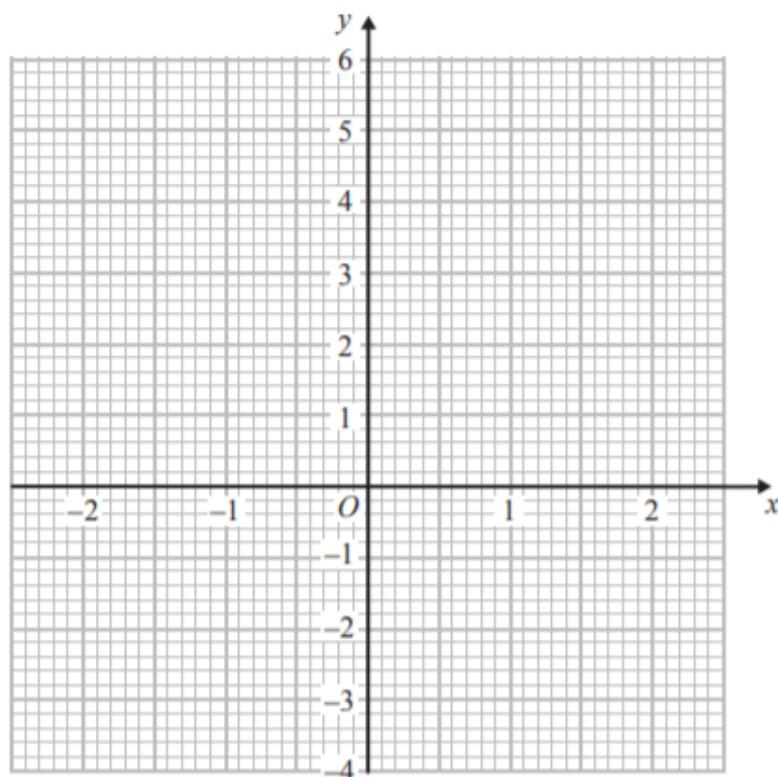
**11.**

- (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$

$x$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$y$		3			3

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^3 - 3x + 1$  for values of  $x$  from -2 to 2



**12.**

- (a) Complete the table of values for
- $y = x^2 - 3x + 2$

$x$	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
$y$	6				2		12

(2)

- (b) On the grid, draw the graph of
- $y = x^2 - 3x + 2$
- for values of
- $x$
- from -1 to 5

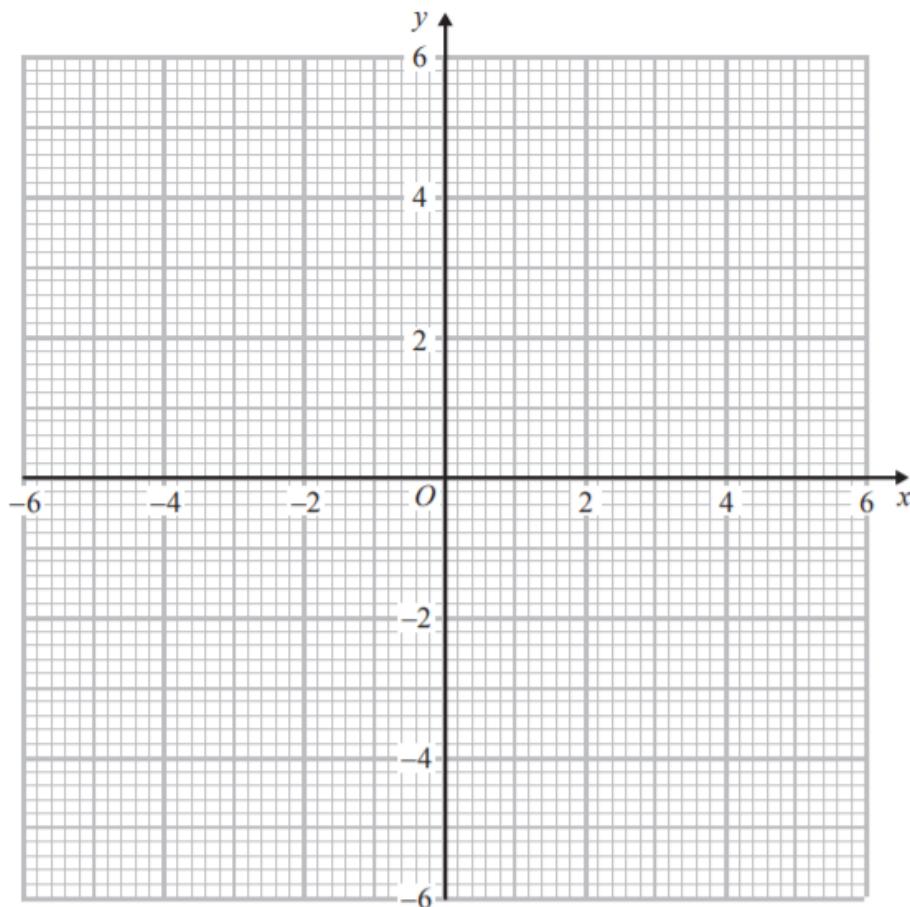
(2)



- (c) Find estimates for the solutions of the equation
- $x^2 - 3x + 2 = 4$

**13.**

- (a) On the grid, construct the graph of  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$



(2)

- (b) Find estimates for the solutions of the simultaneous equations

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 + y^2 &= 16 \\y &= 2x + 1\end{aligned}$$