<u>Percentages Past Paper Answers GCSE Edexcel – Non Calculator</u>

1.

Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
No (supported)	P1	for start to process, eg. 2100 $\times \frac{40}{100}$ (= 840) or 100 – 40 (= 60)	May compare bonus shares of a single salesman or total bonus share for all 7 salesmen.
	P1	for process to find the 7 salesmen's share of bonus, eg 2100 - "840" (= 1260) or 2100 $\times \frac{"60"}{100}$ (= 1260)	
	P1	for process to find bonus amount each salesman gets eg "1260" ÷ 7 (= 180) OR process to find the total bonus for all salesmen if shared equally, eg $\frac{2100}{10} \times 7$ (= 1470)	
	P1	for process to compare what a single salesman gets under each scheme, eg "180" $\times \frac{25}{100}$ (= 45) and " $\frac{2100}{10}$ " - "180" (= 30) or "180" $\times \frac{25}{100}$ (= 45) and "180" + "45" (= 225) oe and $\frac{2100}{10}$ (= 210) or (" $\frac{2100}{10}$ " - "180") ÷ "180" $\times 100$ (= 16.6)	
		OR process to compare what all salesmen gets under each scheme, eg "1260" $\times \frac{25}{100}$ (= 315) and "1470" – "1260" (= 210) or "1260" $\times \frac{25}{100}$ (= 315) and "1260" + "315" (= 1575) oe and "1470" or ("1470" – "1260") ÷ "1260" $\times 100$ (= 16.6)	
	A1	'No' supported by correct figures, eg 45 and 30, 225 and 210, 315 and 210 or 1575 and 1470 or 16.(6)(% and 25%)	Do not award unless correct figures have been shown to support a statement made that the salesman was not correct.

2.

Answer	Mark	Mark scheme	Additional guidance
20	P1 P1 A1	for start of process, eg $\frac{125}{100}$ oe or $\frac{100}{125}$ oe or $\frac{25}{125}$ for a suitable process to develop a percentage, either 80% or 20% eg. $\frac{100}{125} = \frac{x}{100}$ or $\frac{125-100}{125} = \frac{x}{100}$ or $\frac{p}{1.25m} = \frac{xp}{m}$ or $\frac{0.25p}{1.25m} = \frac{xp}{m}$ cao	Values of amount of cereal and cost may be used, eg. 100g of cereal costing £10 An acceptable start of a process would then be: 125g of cereal costing £10 using Jack's idea

500	M1	recognition of 1.2 or 120% oe eg $600 \div 1.2$ oe or $x \times 1.2 = 600$ oe or $120\% = 600$
	A1	cao

4.

$\frac{90}{2} \times 3 = 135$	Combination with reason	P1	Links either $\frac{2}{3}$ with 90 and 60% with 84
$\frac{84}{60} \times 100 = 140$		P1	Process to find original price of microwave oven eg $\frac{90}{2} \times 3$ (=135)
		P1	Process to find original price of combination oven eg $\frac{84}{60} \times 100$ (=140)
		A1	Correct original prices £135 and £140 with interpretation of results to conclude that combination oven had greater normal price.

5.

No with reason	C1	Starts to formulate reason eg. No with partial explanation or 0.8×0.7 or starts to use figures
	C1	No with full explanation eg. $0.8 \times 0.7 = 0.56$ so only 44% reduction

6.

Answer	Mark	Notes
69	4	M1 for finding 15% of £720 (=108) M1 (dep) for finding total of £720 plus interest (or 115% etc) (=828) M1 (dep on previous M1) dividing by 12 A1 cao
		OR M1 finding 720 ÷ 12 (=60) M1 (dep) finding 15% of "60" (=9) M1 (dep on previous M1) for adding, e.g. 60 + 9 A1 cao

Maths with correct comparative figure(s)	2	M1 for correct method to find figure(s) to compare, eg $\frac{32}{80} \times 100$ (=40) oe or 0.38×80 oe (=30.4) C1 for maths with 40% or 30.4 or $\frac{40}{100}$ and $\frac{38}{100}$ oe
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8.

900	4	M1 for 0.2 × 7000 (=1400) or 1.2 × 7000 (=8400) or M1 for 7000 + "1400" – 3000 (=5400) or M1 for "5400" ÷ 6
		Al cao

9.

25.60	4	M1 for a correct method to find $\frac{1}{3}$ of 24 (=8) or $\frac{2}{3}$ of 24 (=16) M1 for a correct method to find 60% (= 7.2) or 40% (= 4.8) of 12 or 60% (=14.4) or 40% (= 9.6) of 24
		M1 (dep on at least M1) for a method to find the sum of their discounted adult ticket + 2 × their discounted child ticket A1 25.6(0)

24	4 M1 for 0.15×240 (= 36) oe	
	M1 for $\frac{3}{4} \times 240$ (= 180) oe	
	M1 (dep on both prev M1) for 240 - "180"	" – "36"
	A1 cao	
	OR	
	M1 for $15(\%) + 75(\%) (= 90(\%))$	
	M1 for $100(\%)$ – " $90(\%)$ " (= $10(\%)$)	
	M1 (dep on both prev M1) for " $\frac{10}{100}$ " × 24	0 oe
	Al cao	
	OR	
	M1 for $0.15 + 0.75 = 0.9$ oe	
	M1 for " 0.9 " × 240(= 216) oe	
	M1 (dep on both prev M1) for 240 "216"	19
	A1 cao	
	OR	
	M1 for $0.15 + 0.75 = 0.9$ oe	
	M1 for $1 - "0.9" (= 0.1)$ oe	
	M1 (dep on both prev M1) for "0.1" × 240	oe
	A1 cao	

11.

Answer	Mark	Notes
730	5	M1 for $\frac{5}{100} \times 200$ (= 10) oe M1 for $\frac{10}{100} \times 350$ (= 35) oe M1 for $6 \times 10^\circ$ or $4 \times 35^\circ$ M1 (dep on M1 earned for a correct method for a percentage calculation) for "60" + "140" + 530 A1 cao Or M1 for 6×200 (= 1200) or 4×350 (= 1400) M1 for $\frac{5}{100} \times 1200$ (= 60) oe M1 for $\frac{10}{100} \times 1400$ (= 140) oe M1(dep on M1 earned for a correct method for a percentage calculation) for "60" + "140" + 530 A1 cao

Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
$2.25 \times 60 \div 100 = 1.35$ 1.35 + 0.80 = 2.15 $1.5 \times 60 \div 100 = 0.90$ 0.90 + 1.90 = 2.80	Railtickets with correct calculations	4	NB. All work may be done in pence throughout M1 for correct method to find credit card charge for one company eg. 0.0225 × 60(=1.35) oe or 0.015 × 60 (=0.9) oe M1 (dep) for correct method to find total additional charge or total price for one company eg. 0.0225×60 + 0.80 or 0.015×60 + 1.90 or 2.15 or 2.8(0) or 62.15 or 62.8(0) A1 for 2.15 and 2.8(0) or 62.15 and 62.8(0) C1 (dep on M1) for a statement deducing the cheapest company, but figures used for the comparison must also be stated somewhere, and a clear association with the name of each company OR M1 for correct method to find percentage of (60+booking fee) eg. 0.0225 × 60.8(=1.368) oe or 0.015 × 61.9(=0.9285) M1 (dep) for correct method to find total cost or total additional cost eg. '1.368' + 60.8(=62.168) or '1.368' + 0.8 (=2.168) or '0.9285' + 61.9 (=62.8285) or '0.9285' + 1.9 (=2.8285) A1 for 62.168 or 62.17 AND 62.8285 or 62.83 OR 2.168 or 2.17 AND 2.8285 or 2.83 C1 (dep on M1) for a statement deducing the cheapest company, but figures used for the comparison must also be stated somewhere, and a clear association with the name of each company