<u>Arithmetic Sequences and Series Past Paper Questions Edexcel Maths</u> <u>IGCSE Higher- Calculator</u>

Here are the first five terms of an arithmetic sequence.

7 11 15 19 23

Write down an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term of this sequence.

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

2.

(2x + 23), (8x + 2) and (20x - 52) are three consecutive terms of an arithmetic sequence.

Prove that the common difference of the sequence is 12

	Here are the first five terms of	of a nui	nber sequ	ience S.			
		10	16	22	28	34	
	(a) Find an expression, in terr	ms of	n, for the	nth term	of this s	sequence.	
							(2)
	The <i>n</i> th term of a sequence <i>T</i>	is give	en by n^2	- 3			
	There are numbers that are te	rms in	both the	sequence	e S and t	he sequence T.	
	(b) Find one of these number	s.					
							(2)
					are.		
(Total for Question 3 is 4 marks)						3 is 4 marks)	

4		
	4	
	4	

The 10th term of an arithmetic series, S, is 66 The sum of the first 20 terms of S is 1290

Find the 5th term of *S*. Show your working clearly.

5.

The first four terms of an arithmetic sequence are

2 9 16 23

Write down an expression, in terms of n, for the nth term.

(Total for Question is 2 marks)

The sum of the first 48 terms of an arithmetic series is 4 times the sum of the first 36 terms of the same series.

Find the sum of the first 30 terms of this series.

An arithmetic sequence has first term a and common difference d . terms of the sequence is 162.	The sum of the first 10
(a) Show that $10a + 45d = 162$	(2)
Given also that the sixth term of the sequence is 17,	
(b) write down a second equation in a and d,	(1)
(c) find the value of a and the value of d.	(4)

	The first term of an arithmetic series is a and the common difference is d .	
	The 18th term of the series is 25 and the 21st term of the series is $32\frac{1}{2}$.	
	(a) Use this information to write down two equations for a and d .	(2)
	(b) Show that $a = -17.5$ and find the value of d .	(2)
	The sum of the first n terms of the series is 2750.	
	(c) Show that n is given by	
	$n^2-15n=55\times40.$	
		(4)
	(d) Hence find the value of <i>n</i> .	(3)
9	•	
,	The first term of an arithmetic sequence is 30 and the common difference is -1.5	
	(a) Find the value of the 25th term.	(2)
,	The r th term of the sequence is 0.	(2)
	(b) Find the value of r .	(2)
,	The sum of the first n terms of the sequence is S_n .	
	(c) Find the largest positive value of S_n .	
		(3)