

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2016

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE Mathematics A (4MA0)
Paper 2F

Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Mathematics A (KMA0) Paper 2F

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# **General Marking Guidance**

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

## • Types of mark

o M marks: method marks

A marks: accuracy marks

 B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)

#### Abbreviations

- o cao correct answer only
- ft follow through
- o isw ignore subsequent working
- SC special case
- oe or equivalent (and appropriate)
- o dep dependent
- o indep independent
- eeoo each error or omission

#### No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

## With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

## Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

## Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

## **International GCSE Maths June 2016 – Paper 2F Mark scheme**

Apart from Questions 9(b), 13(b), and 19 (where the mark scheme states otherwise), the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

Q	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1 (a)(i)		21	1	B1
(ii)		10 or 30	1	B1
(iii)		13	1	B1
(iv)		16 or 36	1	B1
(v)		27	1	B1
(b)		16 & 21	1	B1 Both needed for mark
(c)		13 & 33	1	B1 Both needed for mark
				Total 7 marks

2 (a)	8	1	B1
(b)	Norway	1	B1
(c)	Bar drawn to 5	1	B1
(d)	5	1	B1
(e)			M1 10:4 oe or
			2:5 or 1:2.5 or 0.4:1
	5:2	2	A1 Accept 2.5 : 1 or 1 : 0.4
			Total 6 marks

3	(a)		Cone	1	B1 Accept circular based pyramid
	(b)(i)		Prism	1	B1 Accept hexagonal prism
	(b)(ii)		12	1	B1
	(b)(iii)		18	1	B1
	(c)	Eg $20 \times 2$ or $2 \times 2 \times 4 + 2 \times 2 \times 4 + 2 \times 2 \times 2$ or $6 \times 2 \times 4 - 2 \times 2 \times 2$ or $8 \times 5$	40	2	M1 For a complete method to find the volume or $6\times2\times4$ or $48$ oe or $(2\times2\times4)+(2\times2)$ or $20$ oe A1
					Total 6 marks

4	(a)	-12,-5,-2,0,1	1	B1		
	(b)	1	1	B1		
	(c)	-6	1	B1		
	(d)	Oberstdorf	1	B1	Accept 9 or -9	
						Total 4 marks

5 (a)(i)	(3, 1)	1	B1
(ii)	(-2,3)	1	B1
(b)	y = 1	1	B1
(c)	8	1	B1
			Total 4 marks

6			M2	
				19.52 - 2.95 - 4.99
				19.52 – 7.94 or 11.58
				If not M2 then
				M1 for 2.95 + 4.99 or 7.94
	5.79	3	A1	5.79
				Total 3 marks
7 (a)	96	1	B1	
(b)	10	1	B1	
				Total 2 marks

8	(a)		16 10	1	B1		Allow any
	(b)		1705 or 505 (pm)		B1ft	Ft from (a)	separator or a space
						Allow 505 or	between hours and
				1		Five past 5	minutes.
	(c)	Eg $1835 \rightarrow 1935 \rightarrow 2015$ Eg $1835 \rightarrow 1900 \rightarrow 2000 \rightarrow 2015$			M1		) (hours)
			100	2	A1	ScB1 for 2 hou or 160 mins	ars 40 mins
							Total 4 marks

<b>9</b> (a)	Eg $135 \times 4$ or $(135 \div 90) \times (140 + 70 + 60 + 90)$ or $1.5 \times 360$ or $210 + 105 + 90 + 135$	540	2	M1 A1	A correct method to find the total number of students at the college
(b)	Measure $140^{\circ} \pm 2^{\circ}$ Eg " $140$ " $\times \frac{"540}{360}$ or " $140$ " $\times 1.5$ or $\frac{135}{90} \times$ " $140$ " oe			B1 M1ft	Measuring angle (140° ± 2°) maybe on diagram. For a complete method
		210	3	A1ft	Accept $207 - 213$ (Integer value only) unless from incorrect working.  Note: $138^{\circ} = 207 \text{ students}$ $139^{\circ} = 208.5 (208 \text{ or } 209 \text{ students})$ $140^{\circ} = 210 \text{ students}$ $141^{\circ} = 211.5 (211 \text{ or } 212 \text{ students})$ $142^{\circ} = 213 \text{ students}$
					Total 5 marks

<b>10</b> (a)	2     3     4     6       3     4     5     7       5     6     7     9	<b>2,3</b> ,4,6 3,4, <b>5</b> ,7 5,6,7, <b>9</b>	2	B2	For all eight entries correct  If not B2 then B1 for five, six, or seven entries correct.
(b) (i)		$\frac{2}{12}$	1	B1ft	$\frac{2}{12}$ oe ft from a complete table Accept 0.16(666) rounded or truncated to at least 2 dp
(b) (ii)		5 12	1	B1ft	$\frac{5}{12}$ ft from a complete table Accept 0.41(666) rounded or truncated to at least 2 dp
					Total 4 marks

11	0.66(), 0.6, 0.7, 0.625 <u>80</u> <u>72</u> <u>84</u> <u>75</u> 120 120 120 120 66.(666) %, 60%, 70%, 62.5%			M1	For 2 fractions converted to decimals (terminating or to at least 2 dp rounded or truncated) or  For 2 fractions converted to
					percentages (at least 2 sf rounded or truncated)) or
					For 2 fractions expressed as equivalent fractions with a denominator of 120 or a multiple of 120 or
					For 3 fractions in correct order.
		$\frac{3}{5}$ , $\frac{5}{8}$ , $\frac{2}{3}$ , $\frac{7}{10}$		A1	Correct order- can be decimal or percentage or fraction equivalents in correct order.
			2		SCB1 for fractions reversed
					Total 2 marks

12 (a)	22	1	B1	
(b)	Added 3	1	B1	Accept +3, 3 more, jumped
				forward by 3, difference = 3 oe or
				3n+4 oe
(c)	37	1	B1	
(d)	Correct reasoning		B1	For a correct reason.
		1		For example: 3n + 4 = 60 does not have an integer solution or 60 is a multiple of 3 or 60 is in the 3 times table or 58 are $61$ are in the sequence or 58 is in the sequence and $58 + 3$ does not equal $60$
				Total 4 marks

13 (a)	$4p = 12 - 7 \text{ or } 4p = 5 \text{ or } (12 - 7) \div 4$			M1 For $4p = 12 - 7$ oe or For $(12 - 7) \div 4$
		1.25 oe		A1 oe. Eg $\frac{5}{4}$
			2	Award M1A0 for 1.25 embedded
(b)	(8y - 18 =) 3y + 9 8y - 3y = 9 + 18  or  5y = 27  oe			M1 For correct expansion of bracket M1 For collecting terms in y on one side and constant terms on the other (as part of a correct equation).
		5.4 oe	3	A1 Eg $\frac{27}{5}$ or $5\frac{2}{5}$ Dep on at least M1 ScB1 for 8y - 18 = 3y + 3 AND $8y - 3y = 3 + 188y - 18 = 3y + 3$ AND $5y = 21$
	Alternative Method $\frac{8y-18}{3} = y + 3 \text{ or } \frac{8y}{3} - \frac{18}{3} = y + 3 \text{ oe}$ $\frac{8y}{3} - y = 3 + \frac{18}{3} \text{ or } 5y = 27 \text{ oe}$			M1 For dividing both sides of the equation by 3 as part of a correct equation M1 For collecting terms in y on one
	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	5.4 oe	3	side and constant terms on the other (as part of a correct equation A1 Eg $\frac{27}{5}$ or $5\frac{2}{5}$ Dep on at least M1
				Total 5 mar

14 (a)	$0.8 \times 485 \text{ or } 485 - 0.2 \times 485 \text{ or } 485 - \text{"97" oe}$			M2	For a complete method If not M2 then: M1 for 0.2 × 485 or 97 oe
		388	3	A1	cao
(b)	$\frac{79}{0.2}$ or $\frac{79}{20} \times 100$ or $3.95 \times 100$ or $79 \times 5$ oe			M2	For a complete method If not M2 then: M1 For 20% = 79 or 0.2x = 79 or $\frac{79}{20}$ or 3.95 or $\frac{x}{79} = \frac{100}{20}$ oe
		395	3	A1	cao ScB2 for 316
					Total 6 marks

15 (a) (i)			M1	For 37.9(35) or 3.11(448) or For 12.1(180) rounded or truncated to at least 3 significant figures.
	12.18019444	2	A1	For 12.180(19444) rounded or truncated to at least 5 significant figures.
(a) (ii)	12.2	1	B1ft	ft from value with at least 4 sf
(b)	21	1	B1	
(c)	2	2	M1 A1	For 64 + 36 or 100 or 10 <sup>2</sup>
				Total 6 marks

16	(a)		63	1	B1	
	(b)		50	1	B1	
	(c)	Eg $(6-2) \times 180$ or $4 \times 180$ or $720$ oe			M1	For complete method to find the total of interior angles or 720
		Eg $3x + x + 164 + 139 + 97 + 156 = 720$ or $4x + 556 = 720$ oe or $\frac{\text{"720"} - (164 + 139 + 97 + 156)}{4} \text{ or } \frac{\text{"720"} - 556}{4} \text{ or } \frac{164}{4} \text{ oe}$			M1	Dep For a correct equation using their 720 or For a complete numerical method
			41	3	A1	
		Alternative Method Eg $180 - 156 + 180 - 139 + 180 - 164 + 180 - 97 + 180 - x + 180 - 3x = 360$ or 24 + 41 + 16 + 83 + 180 - x + 180 - 3x = 360 or 1080 - 556 - 4x = 360			M2	For an equation coming from the correct method relating to the sum of exterior angles.
			41	3	<b>A</b> 1	

<b>17</b> (a)		14 <i>de</i>	1	B1
(b)		$m^7$	1	B1
(c)		$c^8$	1	B1
(d)		$a^{15}$	1	B1
(e)	8x + 12 + 2x + 10	10x + 22	2	<ul><li>M1 Any three terms correct out of four.</li><li>A1 Allow 2(5x + 11)</li><li>Do not ISW</li></ul>
				Total 6 marks

<b>18</b> (a)	Enlargement		B1	For Enlargement
	Scale factor 2		B1	For (Scale factor =) 2
	Centre (1, 0)		B1	For (Centre) (1, 0)
				NB if more than one
				transformation mentioned then no
		3		marks.
(b)	Correct triangle at			
	(10, -2), (7, -2),		B1	Correct triangle in correct place
	(7,-1)	1		
(c)			M1	Triangle congruent to <b>D</b> and with
				correct orientation
	Correct triangle at		A1	
	(1,0),(2,0),(2,3)			ScB1 for triangle with vertices at
		2		(4, 2), (5, 2) and (4, -1)
				Total 6 marks

19	Eg 2, 2, 140 or 2, 2, 2, 70 or 2, 2, 2, 2, 35 or			M1	For factors that multiply to 560
	2, 2, 2, 7, 10 or 2, 2, 7, 20 or 2, 7, 40 or 2, 5, 56				and include at least 2 prime factors
					(can be implied from factor tree or
					repeated division.
				A1	Dep on M1
					2, 2, 2, 2, 5, 7 (condone inclusion
					of 1). This can be implied in a
		24 5 7			factor tree or by repeated division.
		$2^4 \times 5 \times 7$		A1	Dep on M1
					NB: Candidates showing no
			3		working score M0A0
					Total 3 marks

20	Eg $(3\times4)$ + $(9\times6)$ + $(15\times8)$ + $(21\times9)$ + $(27\times3)$ or			M1 $f \times x$ for 4 products with $x$ used
	12 + 54 + 120 + 189 + 81			consistently within interval
				(including end points ) & intention
				to add.
				M1 (dep) for use of all correct half-
				way values
		456		A1 Do not ISW
			3	ScB2 for 15.2
				Total 3 marks

21	(a)		7, (2), -1, (-2), (-1), 2, 7		B2	B1 for at least 2 correct
				2		
	(b)	(-1, 7), (0, 2), (1, -1), (2, -2), (3, -1), (4, 2),	Correct curve		B2	For the correct smooth curve
		(5, 7)				through all 7 points $(\pm \frac{1}{2} \text{ sq})$
						B1 ft for at least 6 points from
						their table plotted correctly $(\pm \frac{1}{2})$
						sq) provided at least B1 scored in
						(a)
				2		
						Total 4 marks

22 (a)	$13.5^2 + 60^2$ or $182.25 + 3600$ or $3782.25$ $\sqrt{"3782.25"}$ or awrt $61.5$ $13.5 + 60 + \sqrt{"3782.25"}$ or $13.5 + 60 + 61.5$	135	4	M1 M1 M1 A1	For squaring and adding (Dep) for square root Dep Cao NB: A0 if 61.5 is rounded from an inexact value (eg 61.505)
	Alternative method – using Trigonometry $Eg A = 77.3(196) \text{ and } sin"77.3" = \frac{60}{AC}$ $(AC =) \frac{60}{\sin"77.3"} \text{ or awrt } 61.5$			M1 M1	For finding a correct angle <b>AND</b> a correct trig statement (Dep) For an expression for <i>AC</i>
	$13.5 + 60 + \frac{60}{\sin^{"}77.3^{"}} \text{ or } 13.5 + 60 + 61.5$	135	4	M1 A1	Dep cao NB: A0 if 61.5 is rounded from an inexact value (eg 61.505)
(b)		13.45	1	B1	Total 5 marks

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