Centre No.					Pape	er Refer	ence			Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.			1	3	8	0	/	3	H	Signature	

Paper Reference(s)

1380/3H

Edexcel GCSE

Mathematics (Linear) – 1380

Paper 3 (Non-Calculator)

Higher Tier

Thursday 5 November 2009 – Morning

Time: 1 hour 45 minutes



Materials required for examination

Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser.
Tracing paper may be used.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.

Answer ALL the questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided in this question paper.

You must NOT write on the formulae page.

Anything you write on the formulae page will gain NO credit.

If you need more space to complete your answer to any question, use additional answer sheets.

Information for Candidates

The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).

There are 25 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 100.

There are 24 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Calculators must not be used.

Advice to Candidates

Show all stages in any calculations.

Work steadily through the paper. Do not spend too long on one question.

If you cannot answer a question, leave it and attempt the next one.

Return at the end to those you have left out.

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Examiner's use only

Team Leader's use only

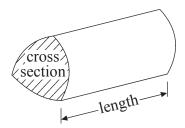
GCSE Mathematics (Linear) 1380

Formulae: Higher Tier

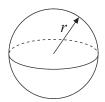
You must not write on this formulae page.

Anything you write on this formulae page will gain NO credit.

Volume of a prism = area of cross section \times length

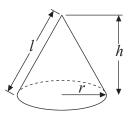


Volume of sphere = $\frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ Surface area of sphere = $4\pi r^2$

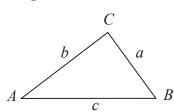


Volume of cone $=\frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$

Curved surface area of cone = πrl



In any triangle ABC



Sine Rule $\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$

Cosine Rule $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$

Area of triangle = $\frac{1}{2}ab \sin C$

The Quadratic Equation

The solutions of $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where $a \ne 0$, are given by

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{(b^2 - 4ac)}}{2a}$$

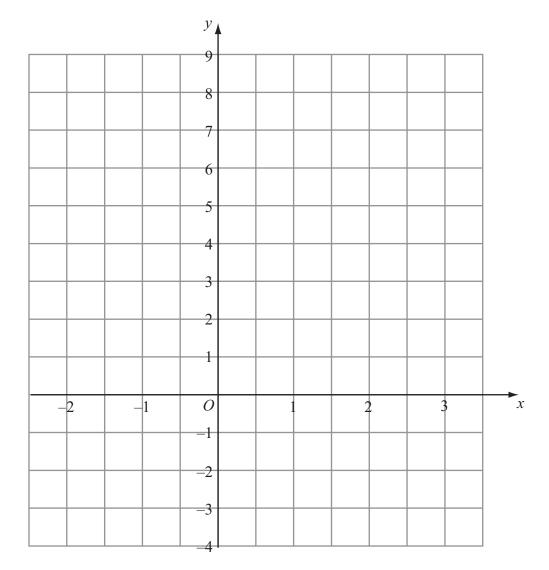
Answer ALL TWENTY FIVE questions.		Leave blank
Write your answers in the spaces provided.		
You must write down all stages in your working.		
You must NOT use a calculator.		
1. Using the information that		
$74 \times 234 = 17316$		
write down the value of		
(a) 740 × 234		
	(1)	
(b) 74×2.34		
	(1)	Q1
	(Total 2 marks)	
2. Work out an estimate for the value of $\frac{31 \times 4.92}{0.21}$		
		Q2
	(Total 3 marks)	
	, , ,	

3. (a) Complete the table of values for y = 2x + 2

х	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
у		0	2			

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of y = 2x + 2



(2)

- (c) Use your graph to find
 - (i) the value of y when x = -1.5

y =

(ii) the value of x when y = 7

x =

(2)

Q3

(Total 6 marks)

Leave blank

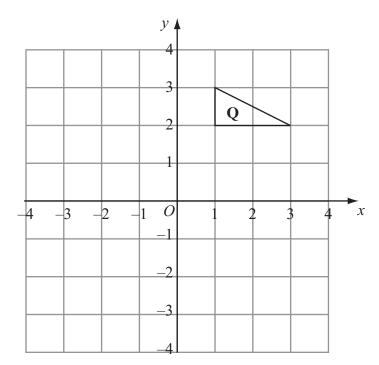
4.

	P						

Triangle P has been drawn on a grid.

(a) On the grid, draw an enlargement of the triangle P with scale factor 3

(2)



Triangle **Q** has been drawn on a grid.

(b) On the grid, rotate triangle \mathbf{Q} 90° clockwise, centre O.

(3) Q4

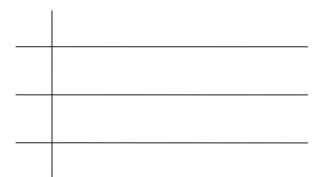
(Total 5 marks)

=	Hara	wa tha	xxxoi albta		CHO 122 C	40	tha ma	araat	C-100 100	۰£	15	2000
Э.	Here a	ne me	weights	Ш	grains,	Ю	the ne	arest	grain,	ΟI	1J	eggs.

33	46	41	54	51
38	60	44	55	51
62	55	52	37	63

(a) Complete the ordered stem and leaf diagram to show this information. You must include a key.

63



Key

(3)

Meg is going to pick at random one of the eggs.

(b) Work out the probability that this egg will have a weight of more than 45 grams.

(2)

Q5

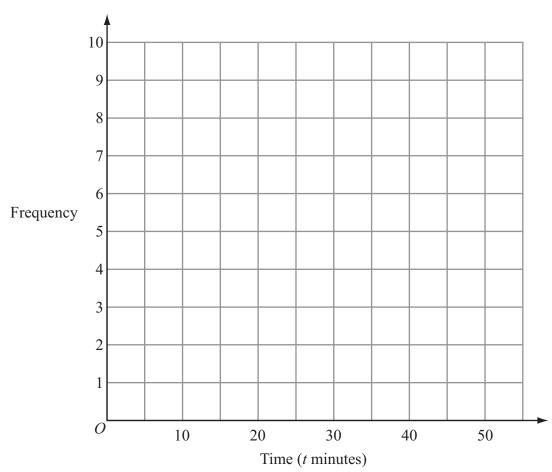
(Total 5 marks)

6. 30 students took a test.

The table shows information about how long it took them to complete the test.

Time (t minutes)	Frequency
$0 < t \leqslant 10$	5
$10 < t \leqslant 20$	7
$20 < t \leqslant 30$	8
$30 < t \leqslant 40$	6
$40 < t \leqslant 50$	4

(a) On the grid, draw a frequency polygon for this information.



(2)

(b) Write down the modal class interval.

(1)

(Total 3 marks)

Q6

7. (a) Work out $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{1}{4}$

Give your answer in its simplest form.

(2)

(b) Work out $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5}$

(2)

(c) Work out 423×12

You must show all your working.

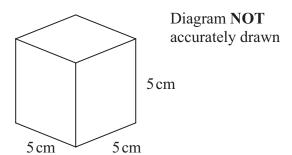
(3)

Q7

(Total 7 marks)

F	low much do you	ı spend using yo	our mobile phone	e?	
	£1–£5	£5–£10	£10–£15		
Write do	wn two things that	are wrong with t	his question.		
1					
					•••••
2					
Design a using the	better question for ir mobile phone.	or his questionna			(2)
Design a using the	better question for ir mobile phone.	or his questionna			(2)
Design a using the	better question for ir mobile phone.	or his questionna			(2)

9. (a) A solid cube has sides of length 5 cm.



Work out the total surface area of the cube. State the units of your answer.

(4)

The volume of the cube is 125 cm³.

(b) Change 125 cm³ into mm³.

..... mm³ (2)

The weight of the cube is 87 grams, correct to the nearest gram.

(c) (i) What is the minimum the weight could be?

..... grams

(ii) What is the maximum the weight could be?

..... grams (2)

(Total 8 marks)



10. (a) Simplify 3a + 4c - a + 3c

(2)

(b) Expand y(2y-3)

(1)

(c) Factorise $x^2 - 4x$

(2)

(d) Expand and simplify 2(x+3) + 3(2x-1)

(2)

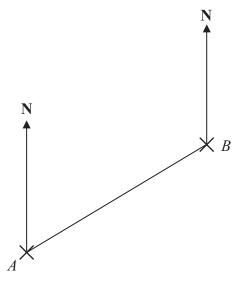
(e) Solve 3(x+2) = 8

 $\chi = \dots$

(2) Q10

(Total 9 marks)

11. The diagram shows the positions of two telephone masts, A and B, on a map.



(a) Measure the bearing of B from A.



Another mast C is on a bearing of 160° from B. On the map, C is 4 cm from B.

(b) Mark the position of C with a cross (\times) and label it C.



(Total 3 marks)

4.0		Lea	
12.	Batteries are sold in packets and boxes. Each packet contains 4 batteries. Each box contains 20 batteries.		
	Bill buys p packets of batteries and b boxes of batteries. Bill buys a total of N batteries.		
	Write down a formula for N in terms of p and b .		
		Q12	2
	(Total 3 marks)		
13.	(a) Write in standard form 213 000		
	(1) Write in standard form 0.00123		
	(1)	Q13	3
	(Total 2 marks)		
14.	(a) Write down the value of 50		
	(1)		
	(b) Write down the value of 2^{-1}		
	(1)	Q1 ²	1
	(Total 2 marks)		

(a) List all the possible values of k.

(2)

(b) Solve the inequality $6y \ge y + 10$

Q15 **(2)**

(Total 4 marks)

16. Make q the subject of the formula 5(q+p) = 4 + 8pGive your answer in its simplest form.

 $q = \dots$

(Total 3 marks)

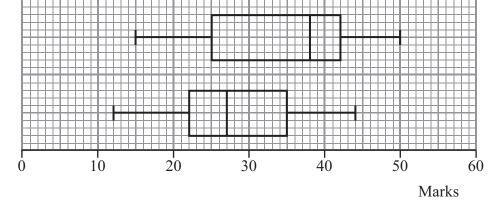
Q16

Leave blank

17. The box plots show the distribution of marks in an English test and in a Maths test for a group of students.

English

Maths



(a) What is the highest mark in the English test?

		 					•		•				•	•						
																	(1	.))

(b) Compare the distributions of the marks in the English test and marks in the Maths test.

1

2

(2) Q17

(Total 3 marks)

Leave blank

18.

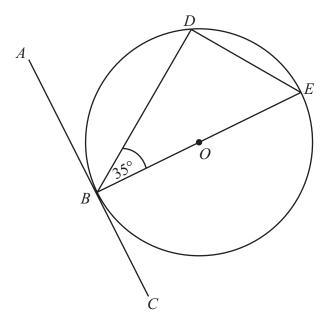


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

B, D and E are points on a circle centre O. ABC is a tangent to the circle.

BE is a diameter of the circle.

Angle $DBE = 35^{\circ}$.

(a) Find the size of angle *ABD*. Give a reason for your answer.

(b) Find the size of angle *DEB*. Give a reason for your answer.

0

(2) Q18

(Total 4 marks)

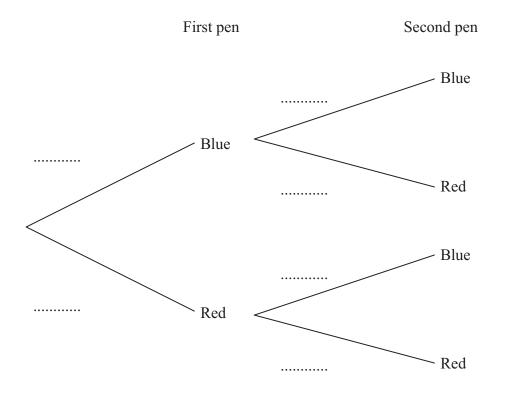
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- **19.** Emma has 7 pens in a box.
 - 5 of the pens are blue.
 - 2 of the pens are red.

Emma takes at random a pen from the box and writes down its colour. Emma puts the pen back in the box.

Then Emma takes at random a second pen from the box, and writes down its colour.

(a) Complete the probability tree diagram.



(b) Work out the probability that Emma takes exactly one pen of each colour from the box.

(3) Q19

(2)

(Total 5 marks)

20. Solve the simultaneous equations		Leave blank
4x + y = -1		
4x - 3y = 7		
	<i>x</i> = <i>y</i> =	Q20
	(Total 3 marks)	
21. Work out $(2 + \sqrt{3})(2 - \sqrt{3})$		
Give your answer in its simplest form.		
		021
	(Total 2 marks)	Q21
	(10tti z marks)	
		1

22.

Leave blank

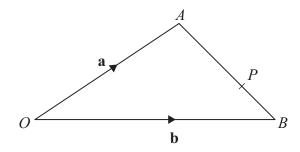


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

OAB is a triangle.

$$\overrightarrow{OA} = \mathbf{a}, \quad \overrightarrow{OB} = \mathbf{b}$$

(a) Find the vector \overrightarrow{AB} in terms of **a** and **b**.

$$\overrightarrow{AB}$$
 =(1)

P is the point on AB so that AP : PB = 2 : 1

(b) Find the vector \overrightarrow{OP} in terms of **a** and **b**. Give your answer in its simplest form.

$$\overrightarrow{OP} = \dots$$
 (3)

Q22

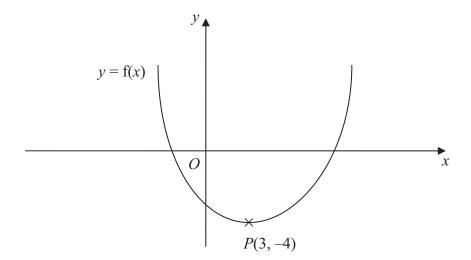
(Total 4 marks)

23. Prove that the recurring decimal $0.36 = \frac{4}{11}$

Q23

(Total 3 marks)

24. This is a sketch of the curve with the equation y = f(x). The only minimum point of the curve is at P(3, -4).



(a) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation y = f(x-2)

(.....) (2)

(b) Write down the coordinates of the minimum point of the curve with the equation y = f(x + 5) + 6

(.....)

Q24

(Total 4 marks)

		Leave
25.	Prove, using algebra, that the sum of two consecutive whole numbers is always an odd	blank
	number.	
		Q25
		Q25
	(Total 3 marks)	Q25
	(Total 3 marks) TOTAL FOR PAPER: 100 MARKS	Q25
		Q25
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