

**Mark Scheme 4723**  
**January 2006**

1	Obtain integral of form $k \ln x$	M1	[any non-zero constant $k$ ; or equiv such as $k \ln 3x$ ]
	Obtain $3 \ln 8 - 3 \ln 2$	A1	[or exact equiv]
	Attempt use of at least one relevant log property	M1	[would be earned by initial $\ln x^3$ ]
	Obtain $3 \ln 4$ or $\ln 8^3 - \ln 2^3$ and hence $\ln 64$	A1 4	[AG; with no errors]

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2	Attempt use of identity linking $\sec^2 \theta$ , $\tan^2 \theta$ and 1	M1	[to write eqn in terms of $\tan \theta$ ]
	Obtain $\tan^2 \theta - 4 \tan \theta + 3 = 0$	A1	[or correct unsimplified equiv]
	Attempt solution of quadratic eqn to find two values of $\tan \theta$	M1	[any 3 term quadratic eqn in $\tan \theta$ ]
	Obtain at least two correct answers	A1	[after correct solution of eqn]
	Obtain all four of 45, 225, 71.6, 251.6	A1 5	[allow greater accuracy or angles to nearest degree – and no other answers between 0 and 360]

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3 (a)	Attempt use of product rule	M1	[involving $\dots + \dots$ ]
	Obtain $2x(x+1)^6 \dots$	A1	
	Obtain $\dots + 6x^2(x+1)^5$	A1 3	[or equivs; ignore subsequent attempt at simplification]
(b)	Attempt use of quotient rule	M1	[or, with adjustment, product rule; allow $u/v$ confusion]
	Obtain $\frac{(x^2 - 3)2x - (x^2 + 3)2x}{(x^2 - 3)^2}$	A1	[or equiv]
	Obtain $-3$	A1 3	[from correct derivative only]

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4 (i)	State $y \leq 2$	B1 1	[or equiv; allow $<$ ; allow any letter or none]
(ii)	Show correct process for composition of functions	M1	[numerical or algebraic]
	Obtain 0 and hence 2	A1 2	[and no other value]
(iii)	State a range of values with 2 as one end-point	M1	[continuous set, not just integers]
	State $0 < k \leq 2$	A1 2	[with correct $<$ and $\leq$ now]

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5	Obtain integral of form $k(1-2x)^6$	M1	[any non-zero constant $k$ ]
	Obtain correct $-\frac{1}{12}(1-2x)^6$	A1	[or unsimplified equiv; allow $+c$ ]
	Use limits to obtain $\frac{1}{12}$	A1	[or exact (unsimplified) equiv]
	Obtain integral of form $ke^{2x-1}$	M1	[or equiv; any non-zero constant $k$ ]
	Obtain correct $\frac{1}{2}e^{2x-1} - x$	A1	[or equiv; allow $+c$ ]
	Use limits to obtain $-\frac{1}{2}e^{-1}$	A1	[or exact (unsimplified) equiv]
	Show correct process for finding required area	M1	[at any stage of solution; if process involves two definite integrals, second must be negative]
	Obtain $\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2}e^{-1}$	A1 8	[or exact equiv; no $+c$ ]

<b>6 (a)</b>	<u>Either</u> : State proportion $\frac{440}{275}$	<b>B1</b>	
	Attempt calculation involving proportion	<b>M1</b>	[involving multn and X value]
	Obtain 704	<b>A1 3</b>	
	<u>Or</u> : Use formula of form $275 e^{kt}$ or $275 a^t$	<b>M1</b>	[or equiv]
	Obtain $k = 0.047$ or $a = \sqrt[10]{1.6}$	<b>A1</b>	[or equiv]
	Obtain 704	<b>A1 (3)</b>	[allow $\pm 0.5$ ]
<b>(b)(i)</b>	Attempt correct process involving logarithm	<b>M1</b>	[or equiv including systematic trial and improvement attempt]
	Obtain $\ln \frac{20}{80} = -0.02t$	<b>A1</b>	[or equiv]
	Obtain 69	<b>A1 3</b>	[or greater accuracy; scheme for T&I: M1A2]
<b>(ii)</b>	Differentiate to obtain $k e^{-0.02t}$	<b>M1</b>	[any constant $k$ different from 80]
	Obtain $-1.6 e^{-0.02t}$ (or $1.6 e^{-0.02t}$ )	<b>A1</b>	[or unsimplified equiv]
	Obtain 0.88	<b>A1 3</b>	[or greater accuracy; allow $-0.88$ ]
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<b>7 (i)</b>	Sketch curve showing (at least) translation in $x$ direction	<b>M1</b>	[either positive or negative]
	Show correct sketch with one of 2 and $3\pi$ indicated	<b>A1</b>	
	... and with other one of 2 and $3\pi$ indicated	<b>A1 3</b>	
<b>(ii)</b>	Draw straight line through $O$ with positive gradient	<b>B1 1</b>	[label and explanation not required]
<b>(iii)</b>	Attempt calculations using 1.8 and 1.9	<b>M1</b>	[allow here if degrees used]
	Obtain correct values and indicate change of sign	<b>A1 2</b>	[or equiv; $x = 1.8$ : LHS = 1.93, diff = 0.13; $x = 1.9$ : LHS = 1.35, diff = -0.55; radians needed now]
<b>(iv)</b>	Obtain correct first iterate 1.79 or 1.78	<b>B1</b>	[or greater accuracy]
	Attempt correct process to produce at least 3 iterates	<b>M1</b>	
	Obtain 1.82	<b>A1</b>	[answer required to exactly 2 d.p.; $2 \rightarrow 1.7859 \rightarrow 1.8280 \rightarrow 1.8200$ ; SR: answer 1.82 only - B2]
	Attempt rearrangement of $3 \cos^{-1}(x-1) = x$		
	or of $x = 1 + \cos(\frac{1}{3}x)$	<b>M1</b>	[involving at least two steps]
	Obtain required formula or equation respectively	<b>A1 5</b>	

- 8 (i)** Differentiate to obtain  $kx(5-x^2)^{-1}$  **M1** [any non-zero constant]  
 Obtain correct  $-2x(5-x^2)^{-1}$  **A1** [or equiv]  
 Obtain  $-4$  for value of derivative **A1**  
 Attempt equation of straight line through  $(2, 0)$  with numerical value of gradient obtained from attempt at derivative **M1** [not for attempt at eqn of normal]  
 Obtain  $y = -4x + 8$  **A1 5** [or equiv]
- (ii)** State or imply  $h = \frac{1}{2}$  **B1**  
 Attempt calculation involving attempts at  $y$  values **M1** [addition with each of coefficients 1, 2, 4 occurring at least once]  
 Obtain  $k(\ln 5 + 4\ln 4.75 + 2\ln 4 + 4\ln 2.75 + \ln 1)$  **A1** [or equiv perhaps with decimals; any constant  $k$ ]  
 Obtain 2.44 **A1 4** [allow  $\pm 0.01$ ]
- (iii)** Attempt difference of two areas **M1** [allow if area of their triangle  $<$  area  $A$ ]  
 Obtain  $8 - 2.44$  and hence 5.56 **A1√ 2** [following their tangent and area of  $A$  providing answer positive]
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- 9 (i)** State  $\sin 2\theta \cos \theta + \cos 2\theta \sin \theta$  **B1**  
 Use at least one of  $\sin 2\theta = 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta$  and  $\cos 2\theta = 1 - 2 \sin^2 \theta$  **B1**  
 Attempt complete process to express in terms of  $\sin \theta$  **M1** [using correct identities]  
 Obtain  $3 \sin \theta - 4 \sin^3 \theta$  **A1 4** [AG; all correctly obtained]
- (ii)** State 3 **B1**  
 Obtain expression involving  $\sin 10\alpha$  **M1** [allow  $\theta/\alpha$  confusion]  
 Obtain 9 **A1 3** [and no other value]
- (iii)** Recognise  $\operatorname{cosec} 2\beta$  as  $\frac{1}{\sin 2\beta}$  **B1** [allow  $\theta/\beta$  confusion]  
 Attempt to express equation in terms of  $\sin 2\beta$  only **M1** [or equiv involving  $\cos 2\beta$ ]  
 Attempt to find non-zero value of  $\sin 2\beta$  **M1** [or of  $\cos 2\beta$ ]  
 Obtain at least  $\sin 2\beta = \sqrt{\frac{5}{12}}$  **A1** [or equiv, exact or approx]  
 Attempt correct process to find two values of  $\beta$  **M1** [provided equation is  $\sin 2\beta = k$ ; or equiv with  $\cos 2\beta$ ]  
 Obtain 20.1, 69.9 **A1 6** [and no others between 0 and 90]